## **UNIT 15 QUESTIONS 16-20**

## **NUMARECY**

2012A

- 17. Let S be a subset of  $\{1, 2, 3, \dots, 30\}$  with the property that no pair of distinct elements in S has a sum divisible by 5. What is the largest possible size of S?
  - **(A)** 10
- **(B)** 13
- **(C)** 15
- **(D)** 16
- **(E)** 18

2016A

- 18. For some positive integer n, the number  $110n^3$  has 110 positive integer divisors, including 1 and the number  $110n^3$ . How many positive integer divisors does the number  $81n^4$  have?
  - **(A)** 110
- **(B)** 191 **(C)** 261
- **(D)** 325
- **(E)** 425