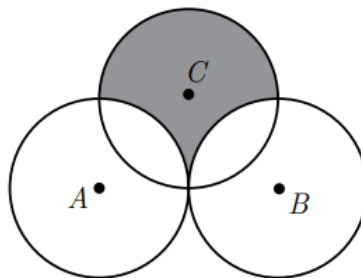


UNIT 1 EXERCISES 11-15

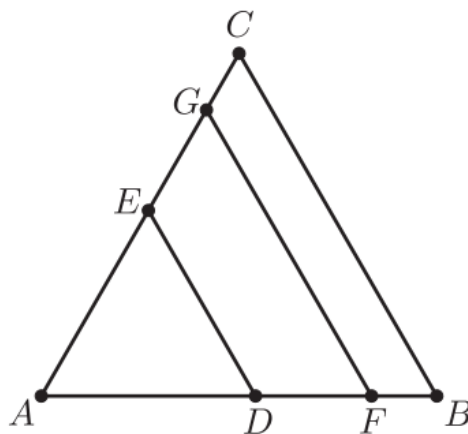
2D GEO

- 2011A 11. Circles A , B , and C each have radius 1. Circles A and B share one point of tangency. Circle C has a point of tangency with the midpoint of \overline{AB} . What is the area inside circle C but outside circle A and circle B ?



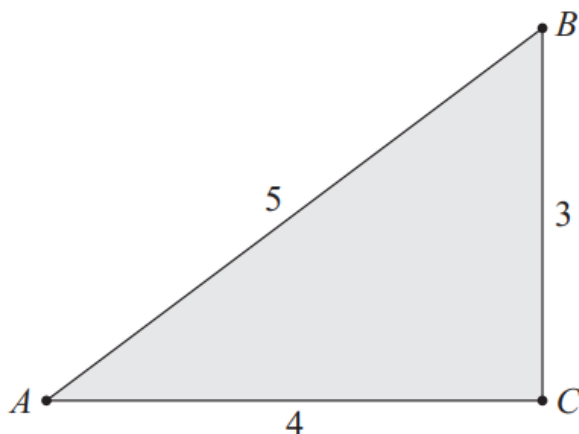
- (A) $3 - \frac{\pi}{2}$ (B) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ (C) 2 (D) $\frac{3\pi}{4}$ (E) $1 + \frac{\pi}{2}$

- 2013A 11. Triangle ABC is equilateral with $AB = 1$. Points E and G are on \overline{AC} and points D and F are on \overline{AB} such that both \overline{DE} and \overline{FG} are parallel to \overline{BC} . Furthermore, triangle ADE and trapezoids $DFGE$ and $FBCG$ all have the same perimeter. What is $DE + FG$?



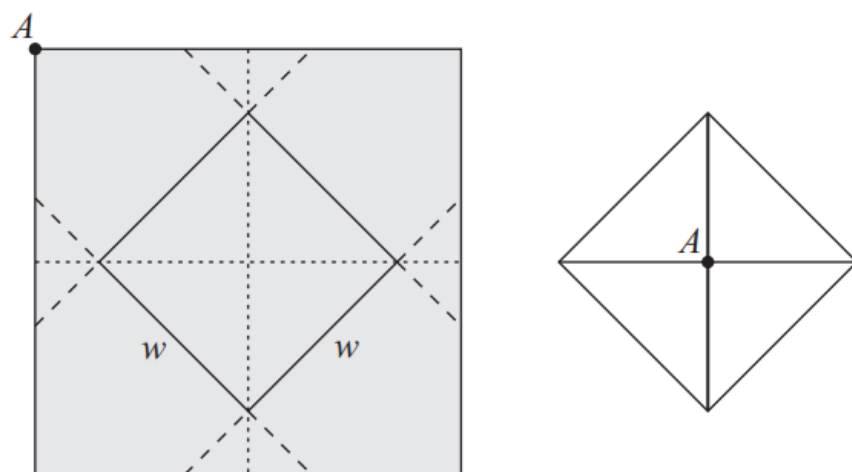
- (A) 1 (B) $\frac{3}{2}$ (C) $\frac{21}{13}$ (D) $\frac{13}{8}$ (E) $\frac{5}{3}$

- 2018A 11. A paper triangle with sides of lengths 3, 4, and 5 inches, as shown, is folded so that point A falls on point B . What is the length in inches of the crease?



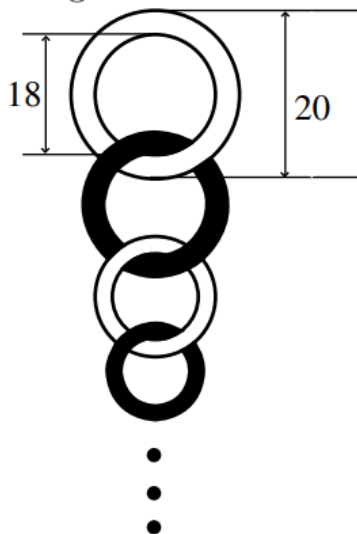
- (A) $1 + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2}$ (B) $\sqrt{3}$ (C) $\frac{7}{4}$ (D) $\frac{15}{8}$ (E) 2

- 2018B 11. A closed box with a square base is to be wrapped with a square sheet of wrapping paper. The box is centered on the wrapping paper with the vertices of the base lying on the midlines of the square sheet of paper, as shown in the figure on the left. The four corners of the wrapping paper are to be folded up over the sides and brought together to meet at the center of the top of the box, point A in the figure on the right. The box has base length w and height h . What is the area of the sheet of wrapping paper?



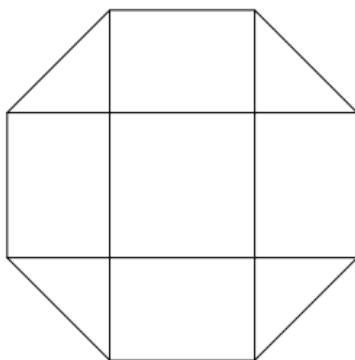
- (A) $2(w + h)^2$ (B) $\frac{(w + h)^2}{2}$ (C) $2w^2 + 4wh$ (D) $2w^2$
 (E) w^2h

- 2006A 12. A number of linked rings, each 1 cm thick, are hanging on a peg. The top ring has an outside diameter of 20 cm. The outside diameter of each of the other rings is 1 cm less than that of the ring above it. The bottom ring has an outside diameter of 3 cm. What is the distance, in cm, from the top of the top ring to the bottom of the bottom ring?



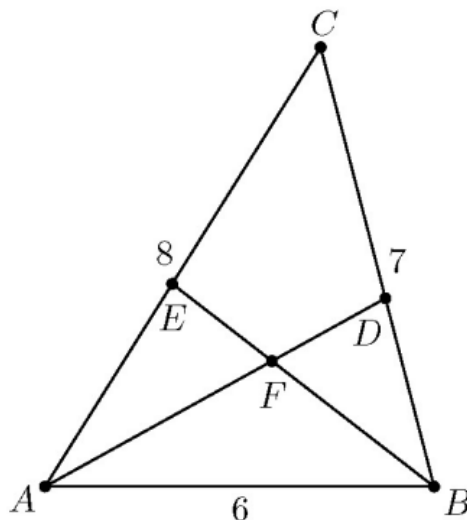
- (A) 171 (B) 173 (C) 182 (D) 188 (E) 210

- 2011B 12. A dart board is a regular octagon divided into regions as shown. Suppose that a dart thrown at the board is equally likely to land anywhere on the board. What is the probability that the dart lands within the center square?



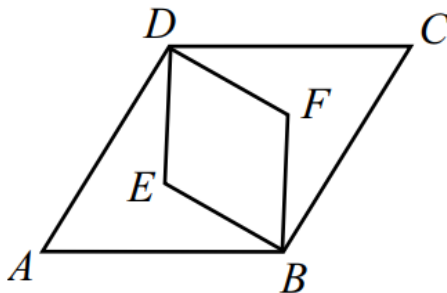
- (A) $\frac{\sqrt{2}-1}{2}$ (B) $\frac{1}{4}$ (C) $\frac{2-\sqrt{2}}{2}$ (D) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}$ (E) $2-\sqrt{2}$

- 2016A 12. In $\triangle ABC$, $AB = 6$, $BC = 7$, and $CA = 8$. Point D lies on \overline{BC} , and \overline{AD} bisects $\angle BAC$. Point E lies on \overline{AC} , and \overline{BE} bisects $\angle ABC$. The bisectors intersect at F . What is the ratio $AF : FD$?



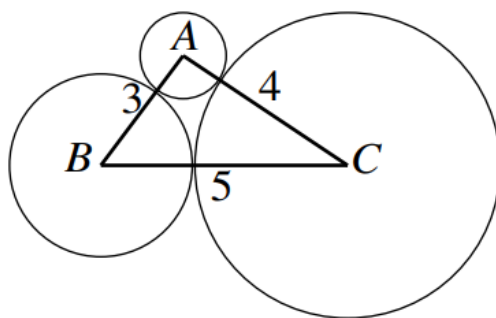
- (A) 3 : 2 (B) 5 : 3 (C) 2 : 1 (D) 7 : 3 (E) 5 : 2

- 2006B 13. Rhombus $ABCD$ is similar to rhombus $BFDE$. The area of rhombus $ABCD$ is 24, and $\angle BAD = 60^\circ$. What is the area of rhombus $BFDE$?



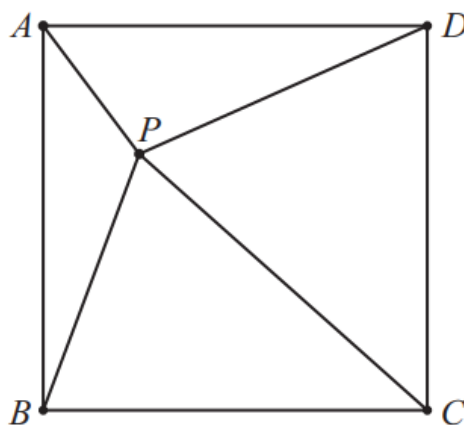
- (A) 6 (B) $4\sqrt{3}$ (C) 8 (D) 9 (E) $6\sqrt{3}$

- 2006A 13. The vertices of a 3–4–5 right triangle are the centers of three mutually externally tangent circles, as shown. What is the sum of the areas of these circles?



- (A) 12π (B) $\frac{25\pi}{2}$ (C) 13π (D) $\frac{27\pi}{2}$ (E) 14π

- 2018B 13. Square $ABCD$ has side length 30. Point P lies inside the square so that $AP = 12$ and $BP = 26$. The centroids of $\triangle ABP$, $\triangle BCP$, $\triangle CDP$, and $\triangle DAP$ are the vertices of a convex quadrilateral. What is the area of that quadrilateral?



- (A) $100\sqrt{2}$ (B) $100\sqrt{3}$ (C) 200 (D) $200\sqrt{2}$ (E) $200\sqrt{3}$