

## UNIT 13 QUESTIONS 16-20

### ARITHMETIC

- 2018B 17. **Answer (A):** The first inequality is equivalent to  $9p > 5q$ , and because both sides are integers, it follows that  $9p - 5q \geq 1$ . Similarly,  $4q - 7p \geq 1$ . Now

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{1}{63} &= \frac{4}{7} - \frac{5}{9} = \left(\frac{p}{q} - \frac{5}{9}\right) + \left(\frac{4}{7} - \frac{p}{q}\right) \\ &= \frac{9p - 5q}{9q} + \frac{4q - 7p}{7q} \\ &\geq \frac{1}{9q} + \frac{1}{7q} \\ &= \frac{16}{63q}.\end{aligned}$$

Thus  $q \geq 16$ . Because

$$\frac{8}{16} < \frac{5}{9} < \frac{9}{16} < \frac{4}{7} < \frac{10}{16},$$

the fraction  $\frac{9}{16}$  lies in the required interval, but  $\frac{8}{16}$  and  $\frac{10}{16}$  do not. Therefore when  $q$  is as small as possible,  $q = 16$  and  $p = 9$ , and the requested difference is  $16 - 9 = 7$ .

**Note:** A theorem in the study of Farey fractions states that if  $\frac{a}{p} < \frac{b}{q}$  and  $bq - ap = 1$ , then the rational number with least denominator between  $\frac{a}{p}$  and  $\frac{b}{q}$  is  $\frac{a+b}{p+q}$ .

- 2003A 18. (B) Note that  $n = 100q + r = q + r + 99q$ . Hence  $q + r$  is divisible by 11 if and only if  $n$  is divisible by 11. Since  $10,000 \leq n \leq 99,999$ , there are

$$\left\lfloor \frac{99999}{11} \right\rfloor - \left\lfloor \frac{9999}{11} \right\rfloor = 9090 - 909 = 8181$$

such numbers.

- 2018B 19. **Answer (C):** Let  $d$  be the next divisor of  $n$  after 323. Then  $\gcd(d, 323) \neq 1$ , because otherwise  $n \geq 323d > 323^2 > 100^2 = 10000$ , contrary to the fact that  $n$  is a 4-digit number. Therefore  $d - 323 \geq \gcd(d, 323) > 1$ . The prime factorization of 323 is  $17 \cdot 19$ . Thus the next divisor of  $n$  is at least  $323 + 17 = 340 = 17 \cdot 20$ . Indeed, 340 will be the next number in Mary's list when  $n = 17 \cdot 19 \cdot 20 = 6460$ .

- 2017A 20. **Answer (E):** Let  $u = \log_b a$ . Because  $u^{2017} = 2017u$ , either  $u = 0$  or  $u = \pm \sqrt[2016]{2017}$ . If  $u = 0$ , then  $a = 1$  and  $b$  can be any integer from 2 to 200. If  $u = \pm \sqrt[2016]{2017}$ , then  $a = b^{\pm \sqrt[2016]{2017}}$ , where again  $b$  can be any integer from 2 to 200. Therefore there are  $3 \cdot 199 = 597$  such ordered pairs.